Match 1 Round 1 Arithmetic: Percents 1.) {6,4,6}

2.) {80,85,84}

3.) {15000,5000,6000}

- 1.) How many natural numbers less than 100 produce a natural number when increased by  $\{40\%, 25\%, 33\frac{1}{3}\%\}$  and then again by  $\{33\frac{1}{3}\%, 16\frac{1}{6}\%, 15\%\}$ ?
- 2.) One item in a store is discounted by 70% and then by an additional 20%. Another item undergoes a price increase of {20,60,50}% and then a decrease of *x*%. If the total percent discount on both items ends up being the same, find the value of *x*.
- 3.) For positive numbers *A*, *B*, and *C*, it is known that *A*% of *B* is equal to the difference between 30% of *A* and 40% of *B*. If *A*% of *C* is {13,11,14} and *B*% of *C* is {6,7,9}, find the value of the product *ABC*.

Match 1 Round 2 Algebra 1: Equations 1.) {84,98,93}

2.) {271,451,631}

3.) {126,70,30}

- 1.) If x = 4 is the solution to the equation  $\{38,52,47\}x + 192 = kx + 8$  where k is a constant, find the value of k.
- 2.) If p and q are positive integers such that  $11p \{3,5,7\}q = \{2,1,4\}$ , and q < 1000, find the largest possible value of p.
- 3.) If the equation  $\sqrt{x^2 + ax} = x + \{14, 10, 6\}$  has a positive integer solution for *x*, find the second-largest possible value of *a*.

Match 1 Round 3 Geometry: Triangles & Quadrilaterals 1.) {120,135,150}

2.) {120,80,40}

3.) {30,36,24}

- 1.) A quadrilateral has angles whose measures in degrees form an arithmetic sequence. If the second largest angle measures {100,105,110} degrees, what is the measure of the largest angle in degrees?
- 2.) A rhombus has one diagonal that is three times the length of its other diagonal and an area of {540,240,60}. What is its perimeter?
- 3.) An isosceles trapezoid has a height of  $\{3\sqrt{2}, 2\sqrt{3}, 2\sqrt{2}\}$  units and a diagonal length of  $\{2\sqrt{17}, 2\sqrt{30}, 4\sqrt{5}\}$  units. What is the area of the trapezoid in square units?

Match 1 Round 4 Algebra 2: Simultaneous Equations 1.) {5,8,1}

2.) {25,36,100}

3.) {35,42,47}

1.) If (p, p) where p is a constant is the solution for (x, y) to the system  $\begin{cases}
Ax + 2y = \{16, 21, 4\} \\
3x - Ay = \{9, 19, 1\}
\end{cases}$ where A is a constant, find the value of p.

- 2.) Consider the system  $\begin{cases} \{2,3,9\}x + my = 2m \\ (2m+1)x + 5y = \{2m+6,2m+5,2m+1\} \end{cases}$  where *m* is a constant. If the system has no solutions for (*x*, *y*), find the value of  $4m^2$ .
- 3.) Three particular real numbers have a sum of  $\{5\sqrt{3}, 6\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{15}\}$ . The sum of the three products of two of the three numbers is  $\{20,15,44\}$ . Find the sum of the squares of the numbers.

Match 1 Round 5 Precalculus: Right Triangle Trigonometry 1.) {16,26,52}

2.) {21,18,28}

3.) {48,60,120}

1.) Consider right triangle *TRI* with right angle *R*. If  $sin(T) = TI = \left\{\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}\right\}$  then  $TR = \frac{x\sqrt{y}}{z}$  where *x* and *z* have no common factors greater than 1 and *y* has no perfect square factors greater than 1. Find x + y + z.

- 2.) A right triangle has the property that the tangent of one of its acute angles is  $\{75\%, 80\%, 40\%\}$  larger than its sine. If the area of the triangle is  $\{18\sqrt{33}, 20\sqrt{14}, 80\sqrt{6}\}$ , find the length of the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- 3.) In right triangle *ABC* with right angle *C*, the sum of sin (*A*) and cos (*A*) is  $\left\{\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}, \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{5}, \frac{\sqrt{42}}{6}\right\}$ . If the triangle has an area of {4,9,5} square units, find the square of the length of the hypotenuse.

Match 1 Round 6 Miscellaneous: Coordinate Geometry 1.) {13,11,9}

2.) {14,22,32}

3.) {57,22,71}

- 1.) If a particular line has an *x*-intercept of (-1,0) and the line passes through  $\{(10,66), (8,45), (12,52)\}$ , and its equation in standard form is Ax + By = C where *A*, *B*, and *C* are integers with no common factors greater than 1 and A > 0, find the value of A B C.
- 2.) The circle with equation  $(x 3)^2 + (y + k)^2 = r^2$  has a diameter with endpoints (2, -5) and  $(a, \{-11, -13, -15\})$ . Find the value of  $k a + r^2$ .
- 3.) An isosceles triangle is graphed on the coordinate plane such that its base has coordinates {(-3, -3), (-1, -1), (-6, -6)} and {(-13, -13), (-9, -9), (-12, -12)}. Its vertex has coordinates (p, q). If the triangle has area {10√7, 8√3, 6√10}, find the value of pq.

#### FAIRFIELD COUNTY MATH LEAGUE 2021-2022 Match 1 Team Round

1.) 458	4.) 90
2.) 7	5.) 1618
3.) 57	6.) 5

1.) How many positive integers n have the property that decreasing n by 25% or increasing n by 20% results in an integer less than or equal to 1000?

2.) If the equation  $\frac{ax+2}{x+1} = \frac{cx-\frac{6}{x+1}}{bx-3}$  has infinite solutions for x and both a and b are nonzero, how many different integer pairs (a, b) exist?

3.) Consider parallelogram *FCML* with midpoint *D* on  $\overline{FC}$ . If  $m \angle F = 120^\circ$ , FL = 10 and LD = 14, then the area of the parallelogram can be written as  $a\sqrt{b}$  where *b* has no perfect square factors larger than 1. Find the value of a - b.

4.) Given the system  $\begin{cases} Ax + 5y = 60\\ \frac{5}{x} + \frac{6}{y} = 2 \end{cases}$ , the set of all constants A such that the

system has no real solutions for (x, y) is bounded below by m and above by n, where m and n are positive integers. Find the value of 2n - 3m.

5.) In right triangle *ABC* with larger acute angle *A* the ratio of tan(A) to sin(A) is the square of the ratio of sin(A) to cos(A). Find the value of 1000sec(A) rounded to the nearest whole number.

6.) A line with a *y*-intercept of (0,16) lies tangent to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 80$  in quadrant 1. The line intersects the circle at the point (*a*, *b*). Find the value of *b*.